

- Cohort of Alcohol-Dependent Patients: Management of Primary Healthcare in France

Head :Falissard Bruno, Inserm U1018 ? Centre for Research in Epidemiology and Population Health ? Team:
Gender, Sexual and Reproductive Health
Mallet Laurent

Last update : 06/29/2016 | Version : 1 | ID : 4513

General	
Identification	
Detailed name	Cohort of Alcohol-Dependent Patients: Management of Primary Healthcare in France
General Aspects	
Medical area	Psychology and psychiatry
Pathology (details)	Alcoholism
Health determinants	Addictions Healthcare system and access to health care services
Keywords	primary healthcare, patient treatment, alcohol, addiction, management, dependency, France, predictive factors, follow-up
Scientific investigator(s) (Contact)	
Name of the director	Falissard
Surname	Bruno
Address	CESP
Phone	+ 33 (0)1 58 41 58 50
Email	falissard_b@wanadoo.fr
Unit	Inserm U1018 ? Centre for Research in Epidemiology and Population Health ? Team: Gender, Sexual and Reproductive Health
Organization	INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA SANTE ET DE LA RECHERCHE MEDICALE
Name of the director	Mallet

Surname	Laurent
Email	lmalet@chu-clermontferrand.fr
Organization	Clermont Ferrand University Hospital
Collaborations	
Funding	
Funding status	Public
Details	Inserm
Governance of the database	
Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible	INSERM - Institut National de la Santé et de la Recherche Médicale
Organisation status	Public
Additional contact	
Main features	
Type of database	
Type of database	Study databases
Study databases (details)	Cohort study
Database recruitment is carried out by an intermediary	A selection of health care professionals
Database recruitment is carried out as part of an interventional study	No
Additional information regarding sample selection.	Twenty-five physicians were drawn from an official list of general practitioners practising in central France. Each general practitioner must include between 3 and 5 patients in the study.
Database objective	
Main objective	To analyse the diagnostic findings from alcohol addiction. To explore the factors related to the development of alcohol addiction. To examine the characteristics of patient management and management in primary

healthcare.

Inclusion criteria	Chronic alcoholics (DSM-IV), between 18 and 65 years old. Exclusion criteria: patients whose alcohol dependency is not a primary DSM-IV Axis 1 diagnosis (mental retardation, schizophrenia or other psychiatric disorders, bipolar mood disorders); patients with related dependencies and severe personality disorders. However, patients with high anxiety or mood disorders (a large section of the clinical practice) were not excluded.
Population type	
Age	Adulthood (19 to 24 years) Adulthood (25 to 44 years) Adulthood (45 to 64 years)
Population covered	Sick population
Gender	Male Woman
Geography area	Regional
French regions covered by the database	Centre-Val de Loire
Detail of the geography area	Central region
Data collection	
Dates	
Date of first collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	2008
Date of last collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	2011
Size of the database	
Size of the database (number of individuals)	< 500 individuals
Details of the number of individuals	122
Data	
Database activity	Data collection completed

Type of data collected	Clinical data Declarative data
Clinical data (detail)	Medical registration
Details of collected clinical data	Dependence severity; duration of abuse in terms of alcohol, anxiety and depression (MINI); consultations with other healthcare professionals
Declarative data (detail)	Paper self-questionnaire
Details of collected declarative data	Age, sex, marital status, profession, alcohol addiction within the family; health events; access to healthcare; life events (family, financial, work-related, social, legal, etc.)
Presence of a biobank	No
Health parameters studied	Health event/morbidity Health care consumption and services Quality of life/health perception
Care consumption (detail)	Medical/paramedical consultation Medicines consumption

Procedures

Data collection method	At each consultation by the general practitioner.
Participant monitoring	Yes
Monitoring procedures	Monitoring by contact with the referring doctor
Details on monitoring of participants	The general practitioner records patient details (follow-up on alcohol consultation, quality of life, psychological state, etc.) at each consultation. Patient also fills out a self-administered questionnaire regarding their own consumption (audit C). Follow-up at 18 months after baseline with at least 3 visits.
Links to administrative sources	No

Promotion and access

Promotion

Link to the document [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=alcohol+AND+care+management+AND+Falissard+B+\[Author\]+AND+Malet+L+\[Author\]](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=alcohol+AND+care+management+AND+Falissard+B+[Author]+AND+Malet+L+[Author])

Access

Terms of data access (charter for data provision, format of data, availability delay)

Contact the scientist in charge.

Access to aggregated data

Access on specific project only

Access to individual data

Access on specific project only